

THE VIRGINIA GAZETTE

The Freedom of the Press is one of the great Bulwarks of Liberty, and can never be restrained but by despotic Governments.

[APRIL 18, 1777.] WILLIAMSBURG: Printed by DIXON & HUNTER. [No. 1340.]

AMERICUS

STANDS at my Plantation in *Halifax County, North Carolina*, about 3 Miles from Mrs. Eaton's Ferry, on the main Road to *Bute Court-house*, and covers Mares at four Dollars the Leap, to be paid at the Stable Door, ten Dollars the Season, or fifty Shillings *Virginia Money*, if paid by the 15th of December next. Good Pasturage gratis, but I will not be answerable for Thefts or Escapes. **AMERICUS** was got by **FEARNOUGHT**, his Dam by **OLD JOLLY ROGER**, his Grandam by **DANSTER**, out of the full blooded imported Mare **MARY GRAY**, remarkable for her Speed. Hes is a fine Chestnut, rising 9 Years old, and near 15½ Hands high. (11) **LEWIS WILLIAMSON.**

KING HEROD

STANDS at my House and will cover Mares at 61. *Virginia Currency* the Season, or 51. If the Money is paid before the Mares are taken away, and 40s. the Leap, to be paid at the Stable Door. **KING HEROD** was got by the noted Horse **FEARNOUGHT**, his Dam by **OTHELLO**, his Grandam a full blooded imported Mare. He is 13 Hands 3 Inches high, and a beautiful bright Bay. Pasturage for the Mares inferior to none on the Continent, gratis, but I will not be answerable for Thefts or Escapes. (12) **THOMAS EATON.**

The above Horse was lately purchased in the *Yerby* by Mr. *Herrick Haynes*.

KING HEROD,

A THOROUGH bred Horse, 16 Hands high, a fine Bay, stands at *Roskill, in Middlesex*, to cover this Season. Four Pounds the Season, or six Dollars the single Leap; the Money for the Leap to be paid down, the four Pounds for the Season to be paid when the Mares are taken away. I will run no Risk of the Mares sent. Pasturage gratis. **RALPH WORMELEY, Jun.**

AN HARPISBORD for Sale. Inquire of the Printers.

To the worthy ELECTORS of *NORFOLK Borough, Gentlemen,*

THE favourable Sentiments I have some Cause to believe you entertain of my past Conduct induces me to return my most grateful Thanks, and to make again an humble Tender of my best Abilities to serve you in the ensuing General Assembly.

Be assured, Gentlemen, if I have the Honour to represent you, that my earnest Endeavours shall be exerted in your Service, and that if I should be as successful in, as desirous of obtaining for you **RIGHT** and **JUSTICE**, you will not fail to receive them.

Your unfortunate dispersed State at this Time renders a personal Application impracticable, for which Reason I have addressed you in this Manner.

I am, with great Respect, Gentlemen,

Your obliged humble Servant,

W. R. W. CURLE.

The Election will come on at the *Ferry Point, Almond's House*, on *Thursday* the 24th Instant (*April*) 10 o'Clock.

BLANDFORD, March 24, 1777.

THE Subscriber has for Sale a valuable Lot in the Town of *Blandford*, on which are new Houses of all Kinds fit for the Reception of a Family, and well planked in, and a Lot in the Town of *Petersburg*, which rents for 20l. a Year; also 6000 Acres of LAND on the Waters of *Spew* and *Turkey Creek*, near *Pittsylvania Courthouse*. The Terms will be made easy to a Purchaser, as he will either sell for Cash or long Credit, on giving Bond with good Security. Possession of the Lots cannot be given till next *Christmas*, as they are both rented out till that Time.

(61)

THOMAS GORDON.

ALL Persons who have any Demands against the Estates of *John, Jonathan, or Thomas Pleasants*, deceased, are desired to make them known, and those who are indebted to either of the said Estates are requested to make immediate Payment to

(11)

ROBERT PLEASANTS.

N. B. There is a Tract of LAND on *Ward's Fork*, in *Charlotte County*, containing about 1700 Acres, and a Tract on *Muddy Creek*, in *Cumberland County*, containing 345 Acres, belonging to the Estate of said *Jonathan Pleasants*, for Sale.

APRIL 3, 1777.

THE Partnership of Thomas Nelson, Jun. and

Company, of *York*, being at an end, all Persons indebted to them are requested to settle their Accounts as soon as possible, and those who cannot conveniently discharge their Balances it is expected will give Bond for the same. If any have Demands against the Partnership, they are desired to bring them in, and they shall be paid.

(12)

AUGUSTINE MOORE.

ON *Wednesday* the 23d Instant will be sold, to the highest Bidder, for ready Money, opposite to Mr. *French's* Store in *Petersburg*, sundry Articles of Household Furniture, amongst which are Curtain and other Beds, well furnished with Blankets, &c. the Property of several Gentlemen who are going to leave this Country, also a Variety of Wearing Apparel, a high blooded Mare, with Foal by **OSCAR**, with sundry other Horses, two Casks of fine old *Lisbon* Wine, and many other Articles too tedious to mention. (13)

RUN away from Blandfield, in the County of

Essex, a Negro Man named **JOHN TWOPENCE**, square and well set, about 4 Feet 5 or 6 Inches high, 40 Years of Age, of a yellowish Complexion, a good Countenance, and very sensible and plausible in his Discourse. He has carried with him, it is presumed, a blue *Fearnought* Waistcoat with white Metal Buttons, and sundry other such Things as Negroes are usually clothed in. Whoever delivers him to me at *Blandfield*, shall receive a Reward of 40s. besides what the Law allows.

ROBERT BEVERLEY.

TAKEN up, in *Charles City*, a small BAY HORSE about 4 Feet and an Inch high, paces and canter well. Posted, and appraised to 51. **WILLIAM TYRRE.**

TAKEN up, in *Prince Edward*, a YELLOW BAY MARE, 4 Years old, 4 Feet 7 or 8 Inches high, branded on the near Buttock with Something resembling a Stirrup Iron, has a long Tail and Mane, 4 white Feet, and a small Star in her Forehead. Posted, and appraised to 151. (14) **JOHN SMITH.**

AGREEABLE to the last Will and Testa-

ment of Col. *Joseph Hutchings*, deceased, will be sold at Vendue, on *Monday* the 19th of May, on the Premises, for ready Money, a Tract of Land lying on *Tanner's Creek*, in the County of *Norfolk*, commonly called *Marley's*, containing about 300 Acres.

(7)

**JOHN HUTCHINGS, } Executors.
MATTHEW PHRIPP, }**

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

RUN away from the Subscriber, the 19th of November, a likely young Negro Fellow named **JOE**, about 5 Feet 10 Inches high, had on, when he went away, Jacket and Breeches made of dark coloured Kersley, with white Metal Buttons, a short Coat made of a Dutch Blanket, with white Metal Buttons, *Virginia* knit Stockings, and plain Shoes. As he was brought up in *Williamsburg*, I expect he is lurking about there.

Whoever takes up the said Slave, and commits him to the public Gaol, shall receive the above Reward.

YARMOUTH, April 1, 1777.

JOSEPH HORSLEY.

BARCELONA, Nov. 19

ORDERS from court are arrived here to make a new levy of sailors with the greatest diligence, who are immediately sent off from here, as fast as they present themselves, for Carthagea by land, that their arrival there may be more certain than if they went by water. This precaution makes it believed that we shall soon have several squadrons at sea, and as a farther proof, they are now fitting out at Carthagea two new ships of the line, and at Ferrol three, one of which, the Royal Philip, mounts one hundred and fourteen guns.

HAGUE, Dec. 2. A treaty between England and Russia has long been talked of. It was signed the latter end of October last, and it is said that the southern powers of Europe are by no means pleased with it.

VERSAILLES, Nov. 30. It is reported that the English Ambassador complained to the King, that a Frenchman of distinction was secretly recruiting for the rebels in America.

TRIPOLY (in Syria) August 21. We have accounts from Bassora, that the 50,000 Persians, who are in that place, exercise the utmost cruelty under the command of Sader Kan, brother to the Regent. They do not even spare the women, whom they oblige to discover where their husbands or relations have hid their treasure; but the French Charge d'Affairs, and all whom he protects, are safe.

One of the English factors, who thought himself ill used by Sader Kan, went to Skyras to ask satisfaction of Kerim Kan; but it is not yet known whether he has obtained it or not.

MADRID, Nov. 6. The Court, after ordering the Commissary of the Marine of Bilbao, to release the American privateer that had put in there, as related some time ago, directed him, if any of those privateers should arrive there in future, to oblige them to provide themselves with what they want in 24 hours from the time of their arrival, and then to put to sea again immediately.

November 11. The King has appointed the Chevalier Monino (his present Minister at Rome) Secretary of State for foreign affairs in the room of the Marquis of Grimaldi.

Letters from Cadiz, import, that the troops were embarking there, and that the fleet was expected to sail in a few days.

PARIS, Nov. 25. According to our letters from Brest, the squadron under the command of M. du Chaffault, had been in the road since the 12th of this month.

The departure of the six battalions which were to have embarked for our islands in America, it is said, will not now take place; but, at the same time, we are assured, that a new corps will be raised to reinforce the troops in those colonies.

Dec. 2. The Governor of Cadiz has signified to all strangers, even the Portuguese, that they must quit that place within a fortnight.

HAMBURG, Nov. 30. We learn from Dantzick, that his Prussian Majesty has bought the Lordship of Langefur, within half a league of that city, for 80,000 crowns.

L O N D O N.

HOUSE OF LORDS, November 5.

WHEN his Majesty had retired after delivering his speech to both Houses of Parliament, the Earl of Carlisle moved that an address be presented to his Majesty, thanking him for his paternal regard of his people; congratulating him on his success in America, and assuring him of future support, &c. In this he was seconded by Lord Falkland. On which the Marquis of Rockingham proposed the following amendment to the address, viz. He proposed leaving out the whole address from the word "That" in the beginning, and in the place of the address now offered to substitute, "To assure his Majesty that, animated with the most earnest and sincere zeal for the true interest and real glory of his reign, we behold with *inexpressible concern* the minds of a very large and lately loyal and affectionate part of his people, entirely alienated from his government; nor can we conceive, that such an event as the disaffection and revolt of a *whole people* could have taken place without some considerable error in the conduct observed towards them. The erroneous measures, we conceive, are to be imputed to a want of sufficient information being laid before Parliament, and to too large a degree of confidence being reposed in those Ministers, who, from their duty were obliged, and from their official situations were best enabled, to know the temper and disposition of his Majesty's American subjects, and were therefore presumed most capable of pointing out such measures as might produce the most salutary effects. Hence the schemes which were formed for the reduction and chastisement of a *supposed* inconsiderable party of factious men, have driven *thirteen large provinces* to despair. Every address which has been proposed as a means of procuring peace and

submission, has become a *new cause* of war and revolt; and we now find ourselves almost inextricably involved in a bloody and expensive civil war, which, besides exhausting at present the strength of *all* his Majesty's dominions, exposing our *allies* to the designs of *their* and *our* enemies, and leaving this kingdom in a most perilous situation, *threatens* in its *issue* the most deplorable calamities to the *whole British race*.

"We cannot avoid lamenting, that in consequence of the credit given to the representations of Ministers, no hearing has been given to the reiterated complaints and petitions of the colonies; neither has any ground been laid for removing the original cause of those unhappy differences, which took their rise from questions relative to parliamentary proceedings, and which only can be settled by parliamentary authority. By that *fatal omission*, the commissioners nominated for the *apparent* purpose of making peace, were furnished with no legal powers, but that of giving or withholding pardons at their *pleasure*; and for relaxing the severities of a single act of Parliament, leaving the whole foundation of this unhappy controversy, just as it stood in the beginning.

"To represent to his Majesty, that in addition to this neglect in the beginning of the last session, his Majesty in his gracious speech to both Houses of Parliament declared his resolution of sending out commissioners, for the purpose therein expressed, "as speedily as possible," no such commissioners were sent till near *seven months* afterwards, and until the nation was alarmed by the *evacuation* of the only town then held for his Majesty in the Thirteen United Colonies. By this delay, *acts* of the most critical nature, the effects of which must as much depend on the power of immediately relaxing them on submission, as in enforcing them on disobedience, had only an operation to *inflame* and *exasperate*. But if any colony, town, or place, had been induced to submit by the operation of the terrors of these acts, there were none on the place of power to restore the people, so submitting, to the common rights of subjection. The inhabitants of the colonies, apprized that they were put out of the protection of Government, and seeing no means provided for their entering into it, were furnished with reasons but too colourable, for breaking off their dependency on the Crown of this kingdom. To assure his Majesty, that removing our confidence from those who, in so many instances, have grossly abused it, we shall endeavour to restore to Parliament the confidence of all his people.

"To this end it may be advisable to make a more minute inquiry into the grievances of the colonies, as well as into the conduct of Ministers. With regard to them, we may think it proper particularly to inquire how it has happened that the commerce of this kingdom has been left exposed to the reprisals of the colonies, at the very time when their seamen and fishermen being indiscriminately prohibited from the peaceable exercise of their occupations, and declared open enemies, must be expected, with a certain assurance, to betake themselves to plunder, and to wreak their revenges on the commerce of Great Britain.

"That we understood, that amidst the many disasters and disgraces which have attended his Majesty's arms in many parts of America, an advantage has been gained by his Majesty's British and foreign mercenary forces in the province of New York; that if a wise, moderate and provident use be made of this advantage, it is not improbable, that happy effects may result from that use; and we assure his Majesty that nothing shall be wanting on our part, to enable his Majesty to take full advantage of any disposition to reconciliation, which may be the consequence of the miseries of war, by laying down on our part real permanent grounds of connexion between Great Britain and the colonies, on principles of liberty, and terms of mutual advantage.

"That whilst we lament the effusion of English blood (which we hope has not been greater or other than necessity required or honour justified) we should humbly congratulate his Majesty on any event leading to the great desirable end of settling a peace which might promise to last, by the restitution of the ancient affection which has happily subsisted in former times, between this kingdom and its colonies. Any other would necessarily require, even in case of a total conquest, an army to maintain, ruinous to the finances, and incompatible with the freedom of his Majesty's people. We should look with the utmost shame and horror on any event of what nature soever, that should tend to break the spirit of any part of the British nation, to bow them to an *absolute* unconditional submission to any power whatsoever; to annihilate their liberties, and to subdue them to servile principles and passive habits, by the mere force of foreign mercenary arms; because, amidst the excesses and abuses which have happened, we must respect the spirit and principles operating in those commotions. Our wish is to regulate, not to destroy them, for the differing in some circumstances; those very principles evidently bear so exact an analogy with those which support the most valuable part of our constitution, that it is impossible, with any appearance of justice, to think of wholly extirpating them by the sword in any part of his Majesty's dominions, without admitting consequences, and establishing precedents, the most dangerous to the liberties of this kingdom."

This proposed amendment was entered on the books by way of a protest, and signed by the following Lords:

ROCKINGHAM,	DE FERRERS,
RICHMOND,	ABINGDON,
EFFINGHAM,	KING,
PORTLAND,	CRAVEN,
MANCHESTER,	FITZWILLIAM,
SCARBOROUGH,	PONSONBY.

In the above protest the Lords have only ventured to say that the Americans "were furnished with reasons but too colourable for breaking off their dependency on the Crown" of that kingdom; but in the course of their debates they entered fully into the justification of the Americans on their declaration of independence. Both the Duke of Richmond and Marquis of Rockingham proposed, as the only means of saving the nation, that America should immediately be declared independent, and that a treaty of peace and commerce be concluded with her. This information, with the above protest, we have received from a Gentleman who attended during most of the debates.

ADMIRALTY OFFICE, Dec. 7. Advice was received yesterday by express, that a fire broke out in the rope house in his Majesty's yard at Portsmouth, about half an hour after four o'clock, on Saturday in the afternoon, which burnt with great violence and consumed the same, except the outer walls which are standing; but by the timely assistance and vigorous efforts of the workmen of the yard, the seamen of his Majesty's ships, the marines quartered at Portsmouth, and the men belonging to the ordnance, with their respective officers, it was happily prevented from extending to any other of the buildings in the yard, and was totally got under at ten o'clock last night, nothing but the embers being left burning. The loss sustained by this accident, except the damage done to the rope house, is not considerable, consisting chiefly of part of the Princess Amelia's and Deal Castle's rigging, the implements belonging to the rope makers and rigging house, a small quantity of cordage, and some topplings of hemp. It is not yet discovered by what means the accident happened.

The SPEECH of Mr. WILKES, in the House of Commons, on Thursday last.

MR. SPEAKER,

THE Honourable Gentleman who spoke last, endeavours to mislead the House. It is certain that no pressing has at this time been carried on in the city of London, or its liberties. No press-gangs have dared to make their appearance in that jurisdiction. Those lawless bands of cruel banditti very prudently chose other scenes of horror and bloodshed, of less danger to themselves. The city has hitherto remained in perfect safety and tranquility, in a most happy state of security, by the vigilance, intrepidity, and noble love of liberty, which are conspicuous in its present worthy Chief Magistrate.

The conduct of Administration, Sir, in the late issuing of press warrants, before they had tried the operation of the high bounty, is totally unjustifiable. The speech now in your hand, Sir, is so very pacific, that the large bounty of five pounds for every able, and fifty shillings for every ordinary seaman, promised in last Saturday's gazette, might safely, for a short time at least, have been trusted to, the emergency not being thought very critical. From the minister's own state of public affairs there was no danger in the experiment. Much cruelty and bloodshed had been avoided, many valuable lives preserved.

The affair of Long Island has been misrepresented, and greatly magnified to the House. The superiority of numbers was very considerable. General Howe landed 22,000 men. The provincials had only 6000 effective men on that island. They were ordered to retreat, and 4000 did accordingly, without being attacked, embark for the island of New York. There was a real mistake of orders as to the other 8000, but they acted as brave men always will act under a mistake of orders; they fought. They saw the enemy, left their entrenchments, and attacked with spirit. From the superiority of numbers, and their flanks being neglected and unguarded, they were totally defeated. They did not however remain inactive, like cowards, on an important day of battle. No such imputation can be fixed on them. Nothing decisive can follow from the late successful affair on Long Island, no more than from the defeat at Sullivan's island. New York will probably fall into your hands, but your situation will in that case be scarcely mended since the last year, for you then possessed the capital of North America, Boston. Is that great and important town advantageously exchanged for New York? I forgot that we still possess the fishing hamlet of Halifax. But, Sir, we ought to take a much larger and more comprehensive view of this interesting scene, which is now fully disclosed.

The important dispute of Great Britain with her colonies has for a considerable time fixed the attention, not only of this nation, but of almost all Europe. The most essential interests of this country, and

indeed of the greater part of the powers on the continent, are deeply interested in the event. The sacrifice of so much blood and treasure is to every state an object of the highest importance; to us, whose empire seems mouldering away, of the nearest concern, and I much fear we are now brought by inextricable difficulties to the very verge of destruction.

Since our last meeting, Sir, the scene, with respect to America, has totally changed. Instead of negotiations with colonies, or provincial assemblies, we have a war to carry on against the free and independent States of America; a wicked war, which has been occasioned solely by a spirit of violence, injustice, and obstinacy in our ministers, unparalleled in History. In the beginning of September in the last year, a very humble and dutiful petition was sent from the Congress to his Majesty, in which his Majesty was supplicated to direct some mode, by which the united applications of his faithful colonists to the throne, in pursuance of their common councils, may be improved into a happy and permanent reconciliation. There was not a word in the petition but what breathed submission and loyalty, and yet the official answer of Lord Dartmouth, the Secretary for the American department, after long deliberation, was to the last degree irritating. It was "that no answer would be given," that is, we will not treat, we scorn to negotiate with you, we exact unconditional submission. This answer, Sir, in my opinion, might justly be called indignity and insult. It drove the Americans to despair, and with the violation of the perfidious promises in Lord Hillsborough's famous official circular letter, laid the real foundation of their declaration of independency. Much has been said, Sir, of the prophecy of the ministers, that the Americans would in the end declare themselves independent. I give the ministers no credit for such a prophecy. They went on the surest grounds. They might very safely promulgate such a prediction, when they knew that the unjust and sanguinary measures, which they intended to pursue, must bring about the event. They drove the Americans into their present state of independency. The Jesuits in France risked nothing when they prophesied in 1610 the death of the best Prince that ever reigned in Europe, within that year. Theirs was the sure words of prophecy. They employed Ravillac to assassinate their sovereign.

[The remainder in our next.]

Extract of a letter from DEBBY, November 9.

"On Wednesday morning last, after the arrival of the Gazette Extraordinary, with an account of New York being taken by his Majesty's forces, the bells were rang in the several parish churches in this town; at night many bonfires were made, and particularly a very large one before the new assembly room in the market place, where many respectable Gentlemen and tradesmen assembled, and drank success to his Majesty's arms. They then paraded the town, preceded by torches, flags, drums, and a band of music; and were followed by a numerous and orderly populace, who expressed their joy on the occasion by repeated shouts of applause for the late victory."

BOSTON, March 20.

YESTERDAY arrived at a safe port, a prize ship, lately captured by the privateer Lady Washington. She was from Bristol, bound to St. Kitt's, laden with dry goods, provisions, &c.

March 17. Last Friday arrived at a safe port, the brig Independence, belonging this State, which was taken some time since by George Dawson, in the brig Hope, and again retaken by William Brown, Esq; in the Boston privateer. She was from Cumberland, bound to Halifax.

A brig is arrived at a certain port, captured by Capt. Brown in the Boston privateer. She was from London to St. Kitt's, laden with lime and provision.

Last Lord's day arrived in town from France, the Hon. Knight PREUDHOMME DE BORRE, Knight of St. Louis, and a Brigadier General in the French service. Also the Knight MAUDUIT DUPLISSA, Captain of artillery in the French service.

PROVIDENCE, March 25.

WE learn that the enemy's force, in the neighbourhood of Newport, consists at present of 2200 men, including five Companies on Conanicut; the greater part of them are Hessians, who are much dissatisfied with the service. The whole of the enemy's artillery, except one company, has been sent to New York.

HARTFORD, March 24.

WE hear, a few days ago, 25 Tories on Long Island, landed near Norwalk, and marched some way into the country; they plundered a Gentleman's house, and took the owner, who they owed a grudge, prisoner. On their return they came across three officers in the Sawpits, whom they also took prisoners, and after that took a guard of eight men who were on the shore, and went off with the whole.

JUNIOUS MATCHLESS

WILL stand at his usual Place in *Prince Edward*, under the Direction of my Brother, to cover Mares at 20s. the Leap, 3l. the Season, or 4l. for the Entrance. I think Encomiums on this Horse are needless, as he has already well distinguished himself by the Beauty of his Colts, and his Blood is inferior to no Horse in *America*, which appears by the indisputable Certificate of Col. *Harrison*.

(11)

EDWARD WATTS.

I do hereby certify that the bay Horse JUNIUS, now the Property of Mr. *Edward Watts* of *Prince Edward*, was bred by me, was got by Col. *Taylor's* Horse YORICK, his Dam by OTHELLO (as high bred a Horse as ever came to *America*) his Grandam by MONKEY (an imported Horse) out of the old running *Spanish* Mare that was originally imported by my Father. Given under my Hand this 8th Day of *November* 1776.

NATHANIEL HARRISON.

THE HIGH BLOODED IMPORTED HORSE

JACK THE BATCHELOR,

A BEAUTIFUL dark Bay, of an elegant Form, near 15½ Hands high, 8 Years old this Spring, being in high Perfection, will cover Mares this Season at my House near *Chapman's Ford*, in *Brunswick* County, at 20s. the Leap, 3l. the Season, or 5l. Entrance. Excellent Pasturage for the Mares, and great Care shall be taken, but I will not be accountable for any Accident that may happen to them. Any Person who inclines to be satisfied as to his Pedigree, may, by applying to me; but I decline the usual Method of publishing it, supposing that those who intend to send Mares will choose first to see the Horse.

(41)

LEWELLING WILLIAMSON.

THE BEAUTIFUL HIGH BLOODED DAPPLE GREY HORSE

REMUS,

FULL 15½ Hands high, stands at my House to cover Mares the ensuing Season at 25s. the Leap, of 3l. the Season. The single Leaps to be paid at the Door. REMUS was got by DOVE, who was sold for 1000l. Sterling, his Dam by OLD SPARK, upon a high blooded imported Mare. He won a Purse at *Annapolis*, and another at *Baltimore*, in 1772, and was in training to run against some of the first Rate Horses, when these unhappy Disturbances prevented them starting. Good Pasturage for Mares gratis, but I will not be answerable should any be stolen or get away, through the greatest Care shall be taken to prevent it.

JOHN BAIRD.

NORTH CAROLINA, March 18, 1777.

LAUREL,



A BEAUTIFUL Bay, three Fourths FEARNOUGHT, near 15 Hands high, 5 Years old last Summer, in great Perfection, stands at my Plantation, in the upper End of *Caroline* County, and will cover Mares at 30s. this Season, ready Money, and 40s. if booked. I have Pasturage under strong Fences, but will not answer for Accidents.

(21)

MICHAEL YATES.

LAUREL, the Property of *De-Rot Michael Yates*, in *Caroline* County, was bred by me, he was got by the noted Horse OLD FEARNOUGHT, his Dam was got by the same Horse, his Grandam was a fine blooded Mare. Given under my Hand this 17th Day of *March*, 1777.

GEORGE BAYLOR.

PORTSMOUTH, Feb. 26, 1777.

THE Subscriber is removed to this Place,

and proposes receiving and selling Goods at public and private Sale, on Commission, as formerly at *Nov-Isb*. All Gentlemen having Business to transact here, and recommending it to me, may depend on the greatest Punctuality being observed.

GEORGE KELLY.

TAKEN up, in *Charlotte*, a small BAY MARE about 10 Years old, a roached Mane, her Back very full of Saddle Spots, a Star in her Forehead, and branded on the near Shoulder I S. Pasted, and appraised to 5l. 10s.

(1)

RICHARD CRUOS.

IS a beautiful Bay, in high Perfection, 15 Hands 3 Inches high, rising 7 Years old, formerly belonged to *Robert Taliaferro*, Esq; of *Caroline* County, but now the Property of the Subscribers, stands at *Thomas Jones's* of *Orange*, and will cover Mares the present Season at a Guinea the Leap, 3l. the Season, or 5l. Entrance. MATCHLESS was got by FEARNOUGHT, his Dam by SOBER JOHN, his Grandam by DABSTER, his great Grandam by OLD ROAN, and is thought, by good Judges, to be of as elegant a Form and Figure as any Horse on the Continent.

(41)

ZACHARIAH BURNLEY.
THOMAS JONES.

REGULUS

STANDS at the Iron Works in *Bedford* County, and will cover Mares at twenty Shillings the Leap, or three Pounds the Season payable the 1st of *April* 1778. Proper Pasturage is prepared for the Mares, and the greatest Care will be taken of them, but I will not be liable for any that may be lost.

DAVID ROSS.

THE HIGH BRED HORSE

SELIM,

LATE the Property of *Samuel Galloway*, Esq; of *Maryland*, stands at my Stable in *Amelia* County, and will cover Mares until the last Day of next *August* at 30s. the Cover, and 4l. the Season; the Money will be expected with the Mares. SELIM is a fine dark Bay upwards of 15 Hands high, fat, sound, and healthy; was got by BLACK AND OLD BUACK, whose Sire was OLD CRAW, his Dam was the beautiful SELIM, got by the GODOLPHIN ARABIAN, and full Sister to OLD BABRAM. His Performances as a Racer I believe has not been equalled by any Horse that ever started on the Continent. Pasturage gratis, but I will not be answerable for Escapes.

(91)

HENRY ANDERSON.

The above Horse will be for Sale after the Season.

FOR Sale, a Tract of LAND in *Suffex*, near

Hoot's Bridge, on the *Assanunick* Swamp, containing 375 Acres, with a Plantation thereon in very good Order for 5 or 6 Hands, and good Improvements, viz. a good Dwelling House with a large Brick Cellar and Chimnies, a Shop, Kitchen, and good Barn 32 by 20; a Dairy and Smokehouse, and other convenient Outhouses; also a fine Orchard, Water Grist Mill, and an excellent Pasturage under a strong Fence, well watered; likewise Cattle, Hags, and the Crop of Corn, if made. To be entered on the 25th of *October* next. The Terms may be made known by applying to me, on the Premises.

(1)

JOSEPH ELLIS, Senior.

TO be rented, in *Staunton*, *Augusta* County,

a large Dwelling House and Lot with good Kitchen and Stables, late the Property of Mr. *Roger North*, deceased. It is fit for any kind of public Business. For Terms apply to the Subscriber in *Staunton*.

(1)

GATHERINE NORTH.

It is requested that all Persons indebted to the Estate will settle their Accounts; and those who have any Demands against it are requested to bring them in.

JUST imported in the Sloop GOOD INTENT

from *Cinacoe*, and to be sold in small Quantities, to the highest Bidder, at *Fredericksburg*, on *Tuesday* the 17th Instant, for ready Money, Osabugs, White Linens, Sheetings, Cambricks, Chints, Calicoes, Checks, Striped, Handkerchiefs, Cotton, Holland, Black Pepper, Sail, Canvas, Gunpowder, Brown Sugar, Knives and Forks, Penknives, Scissors, Writing Paper, Ivory and Horn Combs, sorted Thread, Sewing Silk, Needles, and Glass Tumblers, by

(21)

RICHARDS, HALL, & Co.

WILLIAMSBURG, April 11, 1777.

THE Subscriber begs Leave to inform the

Gentlemen who for these several Years trusted to put up at his House, that he has now entirely discontinued taking in Lodgers.

ROBERT NICOLSON.

TO be sold, agreeable to the last Will and Testament of the Hon. William Byrd, Esq; deceased, at Westover, in Charles City County, about 25 Miles below Richmond Town, on the 24th of April next, 100 Virginia born SLAVES, well clothed, among whom are many very fine Tradesmen, Colliers, Forgers, Carpenters, Shoemakers, an exceeding good Cook, Washer Women, and Dairy Maids; also some very elegant FURNITURE and Plate, and Part of the Stocks of Horses, Cattle, and Sheep, and some very valuable high blooded Horses. The Sale will be for ready Money, but those who have Demands against the Estate, by Judgments, or protested Bills of Exchange, will be allowed the same in Payment of any purchase they may make.---All those who are indebted to the Estate, are requested to make Payment as soon as possible, and those who have any Demands against it to make them known, together with the Grounds of their respective Debts to

THE EXECUTRIX.

N. B. The Executrix has also for Sale, a good Brick Dwelling-House with 4 Rooms on each Floor, situated in the City of Williamsburg, lately occupied by the said William Byrd, Esq; and at present by the Rev. John Bracken. The Dwelling-House has all convenient Outhouses, and several inclosed Lots adjoining; also the very valuable LIBRARY of the said Deceased, consisting of near four Thousand Volumes. The House and Library will be disposed of either by private or public Sale, as may be most agreeable to the Purchasers.

A PERSON properly qualified to teach English, Writing, and Arithmetick, and comes well recommended, will hear of good Encouragement by applying to the Printers. (4)

FOR SALE,

A VALUABLE Tract of LAND, containing two Thousand three Hundred and seventy Acres, one Hundred Acres of which are exceeding rich low Grounds. There are a very good Dwelling-House and all other Convenient Houses on the said Tract. The Land lies on James River, about forty-five or fifty Miles above Richmond.---I have also for Sale a Tract in Albemarle County, of about five Hundred Acres, lying on Crook's Creek, about two Miles from the Fork of James River. Any Person inclined to purchase may see the Lands, and know the Terms by applying to the Subscriber, who lives on the first mentioned Tract. (10)

JOHN COBBS.

FOR SALE, three Thousand Acres of Land, lying on the Banks of Rappahannock River, in the upper Part of Lancaster County, nearly opposite Urbanna, and stretching three Miles along the said River, esteemed remarkably good, most of it flat low Grounds, with many valuable Improvements, a beautiful Situation with a good Dwelling-House and all convenient Offices about the centre of the Tract, and other new Buildings on other Parts of said Land. The Whole to be surveyed and sold, either together or in Lots, as may be most convenient to the Purchaser or Purchasers. This Land has all the Advantages of Creeks, Fish, Oysters, and every other that a Situation in the lower Part of the Country affords; is attended with the Advantages of a good Harbour for Trade, all the Stocks of Horses, Cattle, Hogs, and 2000 Sheep, may be had with the said Lands. For Terms apply to Henry Armistead, Esq; on the Premises, or to Thomas B Griffin, Esq; near the same, who are invested with competent Powers to dispose of the Whole. (11)

BURGES BALL.

MARCH 22, 1777.

THE Subscribers have for Sale, at Petersburg, the following Articles, viz. West India RUM, SPIRITS, GENUINE in small Jugs of the best Quality, BROWN SUGAR, in Barrels, HYSON and BOHEA TEAS, Madeira WINE, CLARET, and sundry DRY GOODS. (12)

PHILIP & BOWDOIN.

TWENTY FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

DESERTED from the Company, formerly commanded by Captain Nathaniel Cooke of the 7th Virginia Regiment, the following Soldiers, viz: JULIAS DEAN, WILLIAM DEAN, WILLIAM LUCAS, and two of Captain Reuben Lippcomb's Company, that deserted from me in Amelia County, viz. RICHARD ANDERSON and MATTHEW HUNDLEY. I will give the above Reward for apprehending said Deserters, or five Pounds for each.

TARPLEY WHITE, Lieut.

TO be sold to the highest Bidder, on Thursday the 24th of April next, if fair, if not the next fair Day, at the Plantation of Capt. Maximilian Robinson, deceased, in King George County, near Leeds Town, for ready Money, 40 valuable SLAVES, Men, Women, fine Boys, and Girls, a large Stock of Cattle, Hogs, Horses, and Sheep, a Quantity of Indian Corn, Wheat, and Rye, sundry Kinds of Household and Kitchen Furniture, some Rum, Sugar, Wine, and Arrack, a Quantity of empty Bottles and Carboys, and many other necessary Articles, by (5)

THE EXECUTORS.

All Persons that have Demands against the said Estate are desired to make them known at the Day of Sale, and all those that are indebted are requested to make immediate Payment.

GLOUCESTER County, March 20, 1777.

THE Subscriber has for Sale, 300 Acres of valuable LAND, known by the Name of Robin's Neck, upon Mobjack Bay. The Land is so well known that I shall mention no Particulars. For Terms apply to the Subscriber, on the Premises. (11)

WILLIAM ROBINS.

LOST by the Subscriber, from near Falmouth, about the first of May last, a SORREL MARE about 4 Feet 6 Inches high, no Brand perceivable, has a large Blaze in her Face inclining to the off Side, her hind Feet white, Glass Eyes, and paces and canters very well; she was bred in Middlesex County, and would probably go into the lower Part of the Northern Neck. Whoever will deliver the said Mare to Mr. John George in Middlesex, shall have ten Dollars Reward, or fifteen if delivered to Col. Edmund Pendleton of Caroline. AMBROSE WALDEN.

FOR Sale, about 900 or 1000 Acres of LAND, in the County of Brunswick, lying on Nottoway River, within 35 Miles of Petersburg, and convenient to Church and Mill. The Land is good for Tobacco or Grain, and affords an exceeding fine Range for Stock; there is a Dwelling-House, which with some Repairs might be made tolerable good, and all convenient Outhouses, such as a Kitchen, Dairy, Barns, Cribbs, and Smokehouse. The Terms of Sale will be made easy to the Purchaser, and may be known by applying to

HENRY TAZEWELL.

FOR Sale, altogether, or separately, in Parcels, as may best suit the Purchasers, on reasonable Terms, by applying either to the Subscriber, or Mr. Archibald Dunlop at Cabin Point, the Rigging, Tackle, and Apparel, belonging to a Brig, consisting of Anchors, Cables, Sails, a large Quantity of London Cordage, mostly as good as new, and Blocks of all Sizes and Sorts, with a good Deal of Iron Work, useful in fitting out any Kind of Vessel. (11)

JOHN AUSTIN FINNIE.

STOLEN from the Subscriber, at Newcastle in Hanover County, the 9th Day of November last, a full blooded BAY ROAN MARE, 5 years old last Spring, and near 5 Feet high, has more white Hairs upon her Rump than any where else, and all round, but suppose the Thief may take off her Shoes, to prevent Detection, is a little lame in her right hind Leg, which is very perceivable when she trots. I will give FORTY SHILLINGS to any One who will give me Intelligence of the said Mare so that I get her again, or THREE POUNDS if brought Home, and FIVE POUNDS on Conviction of the Thief, if a white Man. (11)

RICHARD JOHNSON.

BUCEPHALUS,



A FINE Sorrel, full blooded, 15 Hands 2 Inches high, will begin the first Day of April to cover Mares at Aslett's Warehouse, in King William County, at 15s. the Leap, or 40s. the Season; the Money will be expected when the Mares are taken away. BUCEPHALUS was got by Col. Taylor's noted Horse YORICK, his Dam by CARLETON. Good Pasturage gratis, but I will not be answerable for any Mares that may be lost. (11)

REUBEN BUTLER.

FISH-KILL, April 3.

A circumstantial account of the late affair at Pecks Kill.

ON Sunday the 23d ult. about 11 o'clock in the morning, the Brune frigate, with the two gallies taken from us last fall, and four transports, anchored in Pecks Kill Bay; at 1 P. M. the 15th, 23d, 44th, and 64th regiments, with 50 of the train of artillery, under the command of Col. Brid, of the 15th regiment, landed at Lent's Cove, the south side of the bay (under cover of the gallies) about a mile and a half from the town; they immediately formed, and advanced with four field pieces, to Krank's Hill, on the south east of the town; before they landed, several boats filled with men, rowed towards the north landing, as if they intended to make a descent at that place, with a view of flanking us, or getting in our rear; from the number of boats, employed in landing the troops, General McDougal, and every discerning officer, were clearly of opinion, that the enemy's force far exceeded ours; but the General, determined to have the fullest evidence, before he quitted the post, and therefore waited for them, in a position, from which our retreat was secured, till they came within musket shot; at this distance we had a full view of the enemy, who were at least treble our force; as they advanced they cannonaded us, by which we had one man mortally wounded. The rum and flour being destroyed, and the heavy artillery sent off (except one iron 18 pounder, which was left for want of horses) the General ordered the troops to retire, which they did in good order, to barrack No. 2, about two miles and a half from the town; the enemy not daring to disturb us in our retreat; here we took post to secure the pass of the mountains, and some mills, containing a quantity of flour and grain, belonging to the continent. The next day they placed a piquet guard, consisting of upwards of 100 men, a mile from our front; at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, Lieutenant Colonel Willett, with about 70 of Gansevoort's regiment, got undiscovered to a hill in their front, and immediately detached Captain Swartwout, with a few of his men, with orders to attack them in front, and make a regular retreat, in case the enemy should advance; this manoeuvre was intended to draw them from the height, which they occupied, and give the other part of the detachment an opportunity of falling in upon their rear, while Captain Riker, of Colonel Cortland's regiment, with ten men, advanced along a creek, on their left, with a view of flanking them, but Colonel Willett's party were discovered before this could possibly be effected, and a very smart skirmish ensued, which lasted about 15 minutes, the Colonel apprehending that their main body would advance, to sustain their piquet, ordered his men to fix their bayonets, and rush upon the enemy, which they perceiving, fled with the greatest precipitation. We had two men wounded, one of them dangerously; the inhabitants say that the enemy had nine killed and wounded; their main body were drawn up in view of the field, when the skirmish happened; they appeared to be panic struck, and immediately prepared to reembark, which they did the same evening, leaving behind a large quantity of iron, nails, and other stores, which from the precipitancy of their flight, they had not time to send off to their ships. The next morning we took possession of the town, and the day following the ships fell down below Croton river. These marauders (according to their usual practice) plundered and abused some houses, and burnt several others, carried off a few cattle and sheep, and some light articles from the public stores. Our principal loss is in rum, molasses, and flour, which we destroyed, and a quantity of sugar burnt by the enemy, in the commissary's store. The militia on the first alarm turned out with the greatest alacrity, and marched to our assistance, and if these British heroes had staid a day longer, we should have had the pleasure of paying them for their trouble. A sufficient number of flat bottomed boats, and the large scow are preserved, so that the ferry will be carried on as formerly.

PHILADELPHIA, April 2.

WE are told that an attempt was made to draught 4000 Hessians more for the King of Great Britain; but that it had caused such a murmur in that principality, that the Prince thought it best to be easy, and let George go without his draughts.

From New Jersey we learn, that on or about the 10th ult. a young woman passing an evacuated house in Woodbridge, saw, through the window, a drunken Hessian soldier, who had straggled from his party; there being no men within less than a mile of the town, she went home, dressed herself in man's apparel, and armed with an old firelock, returned to the house, entered it, and took the Hessian prisoner, whom she soon stripped of his arms, and was leading off, when she fell in with the patrol guard of a New Jersey regiment, near Woodbridge, to whom she delivered her prisoner.

On Saturday, the 22d ult. the enemy came out from Amboy to bring in the property of one Barnes, who is gone over, when our people, stationed near Woodbridge, attacked them and had a pretty smart shooting match, while they were retiring with the said effects: About the

same time the enemy attempted to land from some boats on Woodbridge Neck and at Smith's farm, to take off some cattle and hay; but in this they were disappointed, as our people disturbed them, took the cattle, and burnt the hay.

April 8. A Gentleman from camp informs, that the British troops at Perth Amboy, in number about 3000, left Tuesday morning, embarked on board several transports, and sailed out of Sandy Hook, under convoy of three men of war, but in the evening they returned, and disembarked under cover of the night on Staten Island. This manoeuvre, it is supposed, was intended to make the appearance of a reinforcement from Europe, and which the Tories have industriously reported to be real.

By the last advices from France we learn, that Arthur Lee, Esq; late of London, who is appointed by the United States to act in concert with Dr. Franklin, was arrived at that Court, where he, with the Doctor, were received and treated with all the respect shewn to European Ambassadors, and that they have already negotiated a loan of two millions of livres, for and on account of the United States.

The Hon. the Continental Congress have promoted Col. — Learned of Massachusetts Bay, Col. George Clinton of New York, Col. Edward Hand of Pennsylvania, and Col. Charles Scott of Virginia, to the rank of Brigadiers General.

By the London Gazette of the 30th of December, we find, that they had received General Howe's accounts as late as the taking of Fort Lee and Newark.

Extract of a letter from PITTSBURG, dated March 24.

"I must inform you that matters have a very gloomy aspect here. Daniel Sullivan has returned from the Indian country, and brings accounts of Indians being assembled, in order to attack the Kittanning and this post, and of several other things too tedious to mention. — A few days ago the Indians killed one Andrew Simpson, and took or killed a brother of Captain Moorhead's, near Kittanning. They scalped Capt. Simpson, and left a tomahawk and war belt on him, and a piece of writing in his shot pouch, dated Niagara, 8th February, 1777, called a message from the Chiefs of the Mohawks, Onondagoes, Cayugas, Tuscaroras, Missaragoes, and Chippaws, to the Virginians and Pennsylvanians, now at Vanyngo, the purport of which is, that we have wrongfully settled their lands on the Ohio and Susquehanna, and ordering us to quit them immediately, or abide by the consequences; that we have no foundation for our pretence (as they call it) of Col. Buder's coming against us, as we know he has no army with him; they therefore think that our design is against them, but whether or not, they insist on our quitting their lands immediately, and not to make any excuse, by pretending to acquaint our Congress, &c. of their behaviour.

"In consequence of the before-mentioned intelligence and depredations, a council of war was held at this place this day, in which it was determined that it would be most advisable, for Col. Crawford's battalion, and two companies of Col. Wood's battalion, at Fort Pitt and Wheeling, not to march till further orders, and that 100 men should be immediately sent to the Kittanning, and 25 men to attack the following places, viz. Logg's Town, Holliday's Cove, and Cox's."

WILLIAMSBURG, April 18.

LAST Monday Burwell Bassett, Esq; was chosen a Senator for the district of New Kent, &c. and Robert C. Nicholas and William Norvel, Esquires, were elected Delegates for the county of James City.

TO BE SOLD at public Auction, on the 13th of May next, for ready Money, before Mr. James Southall's Door, four NEGRO MEN and one NEGRO WOMAN, belonging to the Estate of Robert Goodwin, Senior, deceased.

(21)

THOMAS CARY, Administrator.

ANY Person inclinable to become an Adventurer in the LOTTERY of the UNITED STATES of AMERICA may be supplied with Tickets at my Store in Williamsburg.

JOHN CARTER.

TO BE SOLD at Portsmouth, on the 5th of May, a good Dwelling-House and Half a Lot, for ready Money, by

11

RICHARD BLACKE.

PORTSMOUTH, April 15, 1777.

I INTEND to go to the West Indies, and return again soon.

(11)

JAMES MILLER.

PORTSMOUTH, April 15, 1777.

I INTEND to go to the West Indies, and return again soon.

(11)

BENJAMIN BANNERMAN.

WILLIAMSBURG, April 17, 1777.

JUST IMPORTED, and now selling cheap, for Cash, the following Articles: -- White Linens, striped Hollands, Checks, Olmaburgs, Silk, Thread, and Worsted Bindings, Laces, Gartering, Snuff and Tobacco Boxes, Livery Lace, Tea, and many other Articles.

WILLIAM PAGE.

I have for Sale a Quantity of Ship Stuff.

FREDERICKSBURG, April 7, 1777.

INTENDING to leave *Virginia* in a short Time, I desire all Persons having Demands against me, any Claim, or other Matter unsettled, for Transactions on Account of Mr. *John Glassell*, to make immediate Application.

LACHLAN CAMPBELL.

TO BE SOLD to the highest Bidder, at the Plantation where Mr. *John Bland*, deceased, lately lived, in *Amelia*, on Friday the 16th of May next, all the personal Estate of the said Deceased, consisting of Household and Kitchen Furniture, Hogs, Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Plantation Utensils, &c. At the same Time and Place will be sold, about ten young likely *Virginia* born Negroes. Twelve Months Credit will be allowed for all Sums above five Pounds, the Purchasers giving Bond (with approved Security) to carry Interest from the Date if not punctually paid. --- All those who have any Demands against the said Estate are desired to give them in, properly attested, to Mr. *John Murray* of *Mecklenburg*, or the Rev. *Thomas Lundie* in *Brunswick*, before the Day of Sale; and all indebted are requested to make speedy Payment.

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THE ADMINISTRATRIX.

WILLIAMSBURG, April 16, 1777.

THE Officers of the 15th *Virginia* Battalion, now on the recruiting Service, are ordered to meet at *Williamsburg* on Thursday the 24th Instant, to give an Account of the Successes they have met with in their several Departments. The Emergency of the Times, and the Necessity of immediate Supplies for the Continental Army, will admit of no Delays.

JAMES INNES, Lieut. Col. 15th Reg.

PETERSBURG, April 14, 1777.

JUST imported in the Schooner *MARNEX*, from *St. Croix*, and to be sold in small Quantities, to the highest Bidders, at *Petersburg*, on Thursday the 1st of May next, for ready Money, a Quantity of Salt, Gunpowder, fine Linens, Cambric, Nuns Thread, Canvas, Thread Stockings, White Humbugs, a few Patterns of superfine Broadcloth, Calimanco Shoes, Calclawal Wine, Brown Sugar, Hyson Tea, Britannias, *Russia* Sheeting, White ditto, Olmaburgs, and a large Quantity of 4d. 6d. 8d. 10d. and 20d. Nails. --- Also the Vessel, with her Sails, Rigging, Tackle, and Apparel. She is a prime Sailer, quite new, well found, and about thirty Tons Burthen.

(2||)

BIRCHETT, OLDHAM, & Co.

FIGURE,

A FINE Bay, 15½ Hands high, got by the imported Horse *FIGURE*, out of Mr. *Brent's* noted running Mare *EBONY*, will stand at *Mill Farm*, in *Mecklenburg* County, to cover at 5l. the Season. The Pastures provided for Mares contain 350 Acres of Land, a great Proportion of which is rich low Ground, well mated with Timothy, Clover, and Greensward. The Fences are inferior to none in the Country, and every Care shall be taken of the Mares, but I will not be answerable for escapes. Those who sent by the Season last year, and failed having Colts, are very welcome to send the same Mares again, gratis. *FIGURE* is remarkably sure, as I have only heard of one or two Mares failing out of one Hundred and odd that he covered.

(3) PEYTON SKIPWITH.

GODOLPHIN,

A BEAUTIFUL bright Bay, rising 7 Years old, stands at Mr. *John Baird's* Plantation in *Prince George* County, near *Blandford*, and will cover Mares this Season at 30s. the Leap, ready Money, or 5l. the Season. Gentlemen who incline may have their Mares ensured for 6l. the Money to be paid in the Fall; if their Mares should not prove with Foal they shall be entitled to the ensuing Seasons till they get a Foal. *GODOLPHIN* was got by *OLD FEARNOUGHT*, out of a full blooded Mare, imported by Col. *Baylor*, well known by the Name of *OLD JENNY DISMAL*. I have prepared two excellent Pastures for the Mares gratis, but will not be liable for any that may get away.

(4)

THOMAS FEILD.

TO BE SOLD by the Subscriber, at his Store in *Williamsburg*, a few Hogheads of very good *Muscovado* Sugar, Casks of old Whiskey, Linens, Checks, Cloths, Silks, Writing Paper, *Prussian* Blue, *Spanish* Brown, Hoes, Axes, Reap Hooks, Mace, Cinnamon, Cloves, Threads, and many other Articles.

(2)

WILLIAM PITT.

I have an exceeding likely Riding Horse to dispose of.

HANOVER, April 1, 1777.

RUN away from the Subscriber, a young Mulatto Fellow named *BOB*, about 5 Feet 8 Inches high. He is a pale Mulatto, and hath a sickly Look, with straight black Hair, and a Decay between his fore Teeth. He is rather badly made, has very large Feet, and had on, when he went away, a light coloured coarse Broadcloth Coat and Waistcoat, brown Cloth Breeches, a Dowlas Shirt, old Hat, &c. I expect he is gone to Mr. *John Oty*, who lives either in *Mecklenburg* or *Lunenburg*, and who bought his Sister at the same Time I made a Purchase of him, which was of *Noel Waddill's* Estate in *New Kent*. Whoever brings the said Runaway to me, in *Blackwell's Neck*, shall have at the Rate of two Shillings a Mile as far as one Hundred, or three Pounds if committed to Gaol, so that I get him again.

SAMUEL PEARSON.

RICHMOND County, April 12, 1777.

OUR former in the Gazette, and many written Advertisements, being little regarded, we once more make Use of the Press to inform the Debtors to the Estate of the late Dr. *Nicholas Flood*, that we are greatly desirous to ascertain the Value of the same, which cannot be done without their Assistance or Concurrence. It is expected that those who are indebted by Bond will pay up the Interest due thereon, and if they wish to have the further Use of the Principal, they will renew their Bonds with Security, if none already given (landed Security will be preferred to personal, provided such Land be clear of Encumbrance) and those Persons indebted by Notes or Accounts are informed, that if they do not come to a Settlement in a short Time and pay the Money, or give Bond with approved Security for what shall appear due, they may depend such Notes and Accounts will be put into the Hands of an Attorney, with Directions to bring Suits thereon as soon as Justice shall be permitted to take Place in this State again, by having her Courts opened. Although we can make the Money of more Advantage to the Estate, we are for the present willing to let it rest in the Hands of the present Possessors, if proper Security shall be made for so doing, to

ELIZABETH FLOOD, Administratrix.

(1||)

WILLIAM PEACHEY, }
LE ROY PEACHEY, } Administrator.

BOSTON, March 19, 1777.

ANY Gentlemen in the Commonwealth of *Virginia* who may want Business transacted in *Boston*, upon Commission, or otherwise, may depend on having it done upon as good Terms, and as great Despatch given, as any House in the Place, by applying to Mess. *Baldwin* and *Prengle*, upon Dock Square in *Boston*, where constant Attendance is given at their Store, and who will be much obliged to any Gentlemen for their Favours, &c.

TO BE SOLD, the Land whereon I live, containing 3008 Acres, with a Dwelling-House 44 by 20, which affords two large commodious Rooms on a Floor, a Passage below, and a Fire Place above, a Brick Cellar, and all convenient Outhouses. Also two Plantations situate above and below the Shipyard on *Chickabony* River, with cleared Land sufficient to work 15 Hands, and several fine Marshes, one within Half a Mile of the said Shipyard, that will afford Grass for 500 Head of Cattle, near which several Persons have applied for Lots. Within a Mile of the Land are erected a Grist Mill and Saw Mill, and there is Pine and Oak Timber enough to furnish the latter for seven Years. --- Any Person or Persons inclined to purchase may apply to the Subscribers, who will shew the Land, and treat for the same.

PHILIP JOHNSON.

JAMES B. JOHNSON.

CHESTERFIELD, April 7, 1777.

RUN away from the Subscriber, about the Middle of last Month, two Negro Boys, viz. *WILL*, about 17 Years old, his Clothing *Virginia* Cloth. *JAMES*, about 16 Years old, had on old light coloured Cloth Clothes. I expect they will endeavour to get to *Hampton*. Whoever apprehends the said Boys, and conveys them to Major *Ross Cowper*, or Mr. *Edward Cowper*, near *Hampton*, or to me, shall have 15s. Reward for each.

ELIZABETH COWPER.

JUNIUS,

(8)

O S C A R,

A BEAUTIFUL Bay, 16½ Hands high, remarkable for getting stout well formed Colts, stands at my House this Season in *Hanver*, and will cover Mares for ready Money at two Dollars the Leap, or six Dollars the Season. Good Pasturage gratis, and the greatest Care taken of the Mares, but I will not be answerable for any that may get away. --- JUNIUS is an imported Horse, got by a Hunter on a Dray Mare.

GEDDES WINSTON.

HALIFAX County, North Carolina, Feb. 20, 1777.

THE NOTED HIGH BRED HORSE

LONSDALE,

STANDS at my House this Season, and will cover Mares at 15s. the Leap, or 40s. the Season. Good Pasturage gratis, and the greatest Care taken of the Mares, but I will not be answerable for any that may get away. --- LONSDALE was got by JOLLY ROGER, out of a bay Mare bought of Sir John Ramsden, Baronet, late Lord Lonsdale's, he was got by MONKEY, her Dam by Lord Lonsdale's BLACK ARABIAN, her Grandam by Lord Lonsdale's BAY ARABIAN, her great Grandam by CONEY SKINS, her great great Grandam by DOBBSWORTH, out of the younger of the two Royal Mares, bought of Mr. Darcy by the first Lord Lonsdale. Mr. Darcy was Master of the Horse to King William.

CHARLES CITY, March 27, 1777.

JOHN BYRD.

WHIRLIGIG

WILL cover this Spring at my Plantation on *Quoney*, at 50s. Proc. the Leap, 5l. the Season, or 7l. 10s. to ensure. I will not be answerable for any Mares that may get away. Gentlemen may have their Mares well fed for 6/8 Proc. per Week.

WHIRLIGIG was imported from England by John Allen, Esq; of Philadelphia, in 1773. He is full 15 Hands high, a dark Bay, was got by Lord Portmore's bay Horse CAPTAIN, a Son of young CARTOUCH, out of the Dam of FIRETAIL, who was deemed the fleetest Horse since old CHILDERS; his Dam was got by the Devonshire BLACKLEGS, his Grandam by TRUEBLUE, out of SLAMERKIN; she bred BUSTARD, VICTORIOUS, ORONOKO, Vernon's AMELIA, and other Racers. In April 1769, when this fine Horse was rising 6 Years old, his Owner received Forfeit 2000 Guineas from RAPID; the same Year he beat VOLUNTER for 200 Guineas; in October 1770, he beat WARWICKSHIRE WAG, now a noted covering Horse in England, for 100 Guineas; and the same Year he beat ATRIDES for 100 Guineas.

(21)

WILLIE JONES.

MERCURY,

A BEAUTIFUL sorrel Horse, 5 Years old this Spring, in high Perfection, stands at the Plantation of the late Col. Frank Epps, in *Dismal*, the ensuing Season, to cover Mares at 3l. the Season, or a Guinea the Leap. Those who do not pay the Money before the Mares are taken away to give Bond and Security (if required) to Mr. Henry Thwaites, who will attend to receive them for the Benefit of the Estate of the said Col. Epps. MERCURY was got by OLD JANUS, out of Col. Byrd's imported Mare CALISTA.

(1)

THE BEAUTIFUL HIGH BLOODED HORSE

MERRY TOM,



BEING in high Perfection, will stand at the High Hills in *Suffex* County, to cover Mares at 30s. the Leap, 3l. the Season, and 5l. to ensure. --- MERRY TOM was bred by Mr. William Parker of *Newcastle*, in England, he was got by REGULUS, his Dam by LOCUST, a Son of CRAB, his Grandam by a Son of FLYING CHILDERS, his great Grandam by OLD PARTNER. The above Horse won the 300 Guineas Sweep Stakes at *Richmond*, then 4 Years old; he won 50l. at *Durham*, and the Noblemen and Gentlemen's Subscription at *Cuper*, then 5 Years old; this I have from under the Importer's Hand. Good Pasturages for Mares gratis, but will not be answerable for any that may get away or be stolen.

(41)

HENRY GEE.



A FINE deep Sorrel, full 15 Hands 3 Inches high, now in very great Perfection, will be let to Mares the ensuing Season at my Plantation in *Cumberland* County, on *James* River, for 30s. the Leap, or 4l. the Season. Exceeding fine Pasturage for Mares gratis, and great Care taken of them, but I will not be answerable for any that may get away. The Money will be expected for the Mares when taken away, or Notes of Hand on Demand to the Subscriber. OSCAR was got by YOUNG SNIP, his Dam by Lord Morton's ARABIAN, his Grandam by OLD CRAB, his great Grandam by the BALD GALLOWAY, his great great Grandam by Darley's ARABIAN, out of BAY BOLTON's Dam.

(1)

WILLIAM GAY.

THE NOTED SWIFT HORSE

TRISTRAM SHANDY,

NOW in high Health, very fat and vigorous, stands at *Beverley* Plain, in the lower End of *Caroline* County, and will cover Mares this Season at 50s. TRISTRAM SHANDY was got by Morton's TRAVELLER, his Dam by JANUS, out of a fine English Mare. Two very large Pastures, under strong Fences, for the Mares, gratis, and great Care taken of them, but I will run no Risk.

(51)

JAMES UPSHAW.

THE NOTED FULL BLOODED HORSE

OLD PARTNER,

IN high Perfection, stands at my Plantation near *Saon's* Point, and will cover Mares at four Dollars the Leap, and ten Dollars the Season. Good Pasturage gratis, but will not be answerable for any that may be missing. --- PARTNER is so well known it is needless to mention his Pedigree.

(51)

JOHN H. COCKE.

THE BEAUTIFUL HIGH BRED GREY HORSE

BADGER,

STANDS at my House and will cover Mares this Spring at 5l. Proc. the Season, or 50s. the Leap, the Money to be paid before the Mares are taken away. Good Pasturage gratis, and great Care shall be taken of the Mares, but I will not be answerable for any if they should be lost by any Means whatever. Such Gentlemen as choose it may have their Mares well fed for 5s. *Virginia* Money per Week.

BADGER was got by BORPHINIS, a Son of BABRAM, who was got by the GODOLPHIN ARABIAN; BADGER's Dam was got by the famous BLACK and all BLACK, his Grandam by the flying CHILDERS. He is 15½ Hands high, and remarkably sure.

(81)

ALLEN JONES.

SPRIGHTLY.

To be let to Mares the ensuing Season, at the Subscriber's Plantation, about 14 Miles above *Petersburg*, adjoining *Cock's* Road,



THE high bred English Horse SPRIGHTLY, full 15 Hands high, rising 8 Years old; he is of a beautiful dark Chestnut Colour, was got by *William*'s BABRAM, his Dam by *Roger*'s BABRAM, his Grandam by SEDBURY, out of Lord Portmore's EBONY; is well suited to breed for either the Saddle or Turf, being remarkably light and quick in his Movements, and free from any Blemish or Hurt. He won the Purse for the four Years old at *Epsum* the same Year he was imported. --- He will be let at thirty Shillings a Leap, or four Pounds the Season. The Cash will be expected before the Mares are taken away. Various and extensive Pasturage, under a good Fence, for the Mares gratis, and they shall be taken the greatest care of, but I will not be answerable for any that may be missing.

(121)

ABRAHAM SMITH.